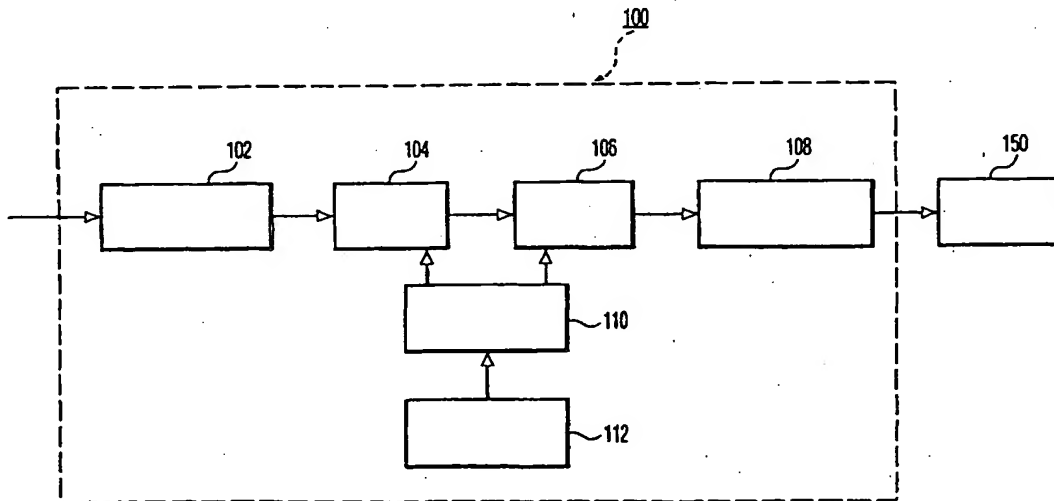




INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : H04N 5/76	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/64153 (43) International Publication Date: 26 October 2000 (26.10.00)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP00/03070 (22) International Filing Date: 6 April 2000 (06.04.00) (30) Priority Data: 09/291,841 14 April 1999 (14.04.99) US (71) Applicant: KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V. [NL/NL]; Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven (NL). (72) Inventor: PELLETIER, Daniel; Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL). (74) Agent: SCHMITZ, Herman, J., R.; Internationaal Octrooibureau B.V., Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL).		(81) Designated States: JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published <i>With international search report.</i>

(54) Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CATCH-UP VIDEO VIEWING



(57) Abstract

A method and apparatus are provided for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device (150). The apparatus according to an embodiment of the invention includes a storing mechanism (104) configured for simultaneously recording and playing back digital video and audio streams. A controller (110) is configured to control the storing mechanism (104) to record and play back the digital video and audio streams. The controller (110) is also configured to determine an accelerated playback speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program. A playback mechanism (106) operatively coupled between the storing mechanism (104) and the viewing device (150) is configured to control a playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to the viewing device (150) from the storage mechanism (104) in accordance with the accelerated playback speed.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

Method and apparatus for catch-up video viewing.

BACKGROUND

1. Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to video viewing and, in particular, to a method and apparatus for catch-up video viewing.

2. Background Description

Conventional video recording/playback devices such as video cassette recorders allow for recording and playback of a video stream (as well as the accompanying audio stream). However, the two functions of recording and playback are mutually exclusive. That is, only one function may be performed at a given time.

When the telephone rings during television viewing and the viewer picks up the phone to engage in conversation (or the viewer is called away from the television for some other reason), the viewer either misses part of the television program or has to quickly start taping the television program. In the latter case, the viewer can wait until the television program is over and then rewind the tape to watch the missed parts. Alternatively, if the user desires to immediately watch the missed parts upon termination of the telephone call, the user must use a second recording/playback device to record the remainder of the television program while the user watches the missed parts from the first recording/playback device. Clearly the cost of owning two recording/playback devices may be prohibitive to some people. Moreover, the use of two recording/playback devices inconveniently requires the viewer to coordinate his efforts between the two devices.

Thus, it would be desirable and highly advantageous to have a method and apparatus that allows a user to watch missed parts of a program while simultaneously recording the remainder of the program.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a method and apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program such as a television program.

In one aspect of the present invention, a method for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device includes the step of recording the program, when a first time instance is identified corresponding to a viewer not viewing the program. An accelerated viewing speed is then calculated that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program. The speed is based on at least a difference between the first time instance and a second time instance when the viewer is ready to resume viewing of the program. A portion of the program is played back at the accelerated viewing speed while recording a subsequent portion of the program, until the viewer is caught-up to the real time viewing of the program.

In another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device includes a storing mechanism configured for simultaneously recording and playing back digital video and audio streams. A controller is configured for controlling the storing mechanism to record and play back the digital video and audio streams, and for determining an accelerated playback speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program. A playback mechanism operatively coupled between the storing mechanism and the viewing device is configured for controlling a playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to the viewing device from the storage mechanism in accordance with the accelerated playback speed.

These and other aspects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of preferred embodiments, which is to be read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a viewing device operatively coupled to an apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a flow chart of a method for catching-up on viewing a program according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating the recording and playback rates of the apparatus of FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a viewing device operatively coupled to an apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program according to yet another embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 5 is a flow chart of a method for catching-up on viewing a program according to yet another embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is directed to a method and apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program such as a television program. The present invention allows a user to watch missed parts of a program while simultaneously recording the remainder of the program. In this way, the user may catch-up to the real time broadcast of the program.

The present invention may be used to catch-up on the viewing of any type of video program (analog or digital) from any type of source (e.g., antenna, cable, or satellite). Further, the present invention may also be used to catch-up on any audio accompanying the video program. Accordingly, any reference to a video program or video stream may be considered to include an accompanying audio stream.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a viewing device 150 operatively coupled to an apparatus 100 for catching-up on viewing a program according to an embodiment of the present invention. The apparatus 100 includes: an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) 102 for converting analog video and audio streams to digital video and audio streams; a storing mechanism 104 operatively coupled to ADC 102 for storing (recording) and outputting (playing back) digital video and audio streams; a playback mechanism 106 operatively coupled to storing mechanism 104 for controlling the playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to viewing device 150 from storage mechanism 104; a digital-to-analog converter (DAC) 108 operatively coupled to playback mechanism 106 for converting the digital video and audio streams to analog video and audio streams; a controller 110 for controlling storing mechanism 104 and playback mechanism 106; and a user interface 112 for inputting commands to controller 110. The DAC 108 is also operatively coupled to viewing device 150.

In the embodiment, storage mechanism 104 is a hard disk drive. However, the present invention is not limited to a particular storage device and, thus, any suitable storage device may be used.

Moreover, in the embodiment, viewing device 150 is an analog television. However, any type of viewing device may be used with the present invention. For example, viewing device 150 may be a digital television, in which case ADC 102 and DAC 108 may not be required. As another example, given the prevalence of the internet, viewing device 150 may be a computer monitor, in which case live video broadcasts may be viewed on the monitor while any accompanying audio may be output from the computer's speakers. It is to be appreciated that the invention may be readily modified by one skilled in the art to

accommodate any type of viewing device while maintaining the spirit and scope of the invention.

The television 150 is provided with video and audio streams from a direct cable hookup. The output of the cable is input to ADC 102. Alternatively, the video and audio streams may be provided from another source, such as, for example, an antenna or a satellite dish (not shown).

The playback mechanism 106 may be, for example, a delay or buffer. However, any device suitable for controlling the input rate of information to viewing device 150 may be used.

According to the present invention, the playback speed of the video and audio streams is controlled so that they play at a slightly accelerated speed until the viewer catches up to real time.

FIG. 2 is a flow chart of a method for catching-up on viewing a program according to an embodiment of the present invention. When the phone rings or a viewer is called away for some other reason while watching a program on a television, the viewer depresses a "catch-up start" button of user interface 112 to provide indicia to controller 110 indicating that the program should be recorded (step 210). At that point, controller 110 controls storing mechanism 104 to record the program (step 220).

When the viewer returns and is ready to resume viewing of the program, the viewer depresses a "catch-up playback" button of user interface 112 to provide indicia to controller 110 indicating that the viewer is ready to view a play back of the program (step 230). At that point, controller 110 controls storing mechanism 104 to continue recording the program.

Meanwhile, the time elapsed since the viewer was away from the television is calculated by controller 110 (i.e., the time difference between the depressing of the "catch-up start" button and the "catch-up playback" button) (step 240). Further, controller 110 calculates an optimum accelerated viewing speed at which the previously recorded video and audio streams (corresponding to the missed parts of the program) are to be played back (step 250). It is to be appreciated that in order for the viewer to catch-up to the real time broadcast of the program, a portion of the program recorded after the user has depressed the "catch-up playback" button must also be viewed at an accelerated rate. Thus, the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 110 must take into account the time required to catch-up.

The storage mechanism 104 is then controlled by controller 110 to output (playback) the previously recorded video and audio streams corresponding to the missed parts

of the program (including those parts of the program corresponding to the time period after which the viewer has depressed the "catch-up playback" button and during which the viewer is catching-up) (step 260). The video and audio streams output from storage mechanism 104 are passed through playback mechanism 106 which controls the rate at which the video and audio streams are provided to viewing device 150 in accordance with the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 110 (step 270). The video and audio streams are then displayed on viewing device 150 in accordance with the calculated viewing speed (step 280).

If the calculated viewing speed of the displayed video and audio streams is too fast or too slow for the viewer's liking, the viewer may adjust the speed via a slider or similar device of user interface 112 so that controller 110 controls playback mechanism 106 to speed up or slow down the streams in accordance with the user's adjustment (step 290). The video and audio streams are then displayed on viewing device 150 in accordance with the adjusted viewing speed (step 300). When the viewer has caught up to the real time broadcast of the program, the video and audio are displayed at the normal speed (step 310).

In another embodiment of the present invention, commercials may be edited out of the played back video and audio streams. This may be accomplished by providing the user with a choice of depressing one of two buttons at step 230 of the method of FIG. 2. The first button may be the "catch-up playback" button as described above. However, the second button would be a "catch-up playback/no commercials" button. When the second button is depressed, the controller would locate any commercials in the recorded video and audio streams, the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 110 at step 250 would take into account the commercials, and the commercials would be bypassed upon playback.

FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating the recording and playback rates of the apparatus of FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the present invention. In this FIG., reference numeral 320 denotes the signal being recorded and 330 denotes the signal being played back. Playback of the recorded signal resumes at t_1 , and t_2 denotes the catch-up point. At the time t_1 the viewer resumes viewing the program, the location in the video stream at which playback (of missed parts) is commencing is behind the location in the video stream currently being recorded. As an example, during recording, the video (and audio) stream is being recorded at a rate of 30 frames per second. However, to catch the viewer up during playback, the video stream is played back at a rate greater than 30 frames per second.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a viewing device 650 operatively coupled to an apparatus 600 for catching-up on viewing a program according to yet another embodiment of the present invention. The apparatus 600 includes: first, second, and third magnetic tapes 602,

604, 605 for storing video and audio streams thereon; a playback mechanism 606 for playing back the video and audio streams stored on the first, second, and third magnetic tapes; a recording mechanism 608 for recording the video and audio streams to the first, second, and third magnetic tapes; a controller 610 for controlling the playback and recording mechanisms 606, 608; a user interface 612 for inputting commands to controller 610; and a rewinding mechanism 614 for rewinding first, second, and third magnetic tapes, 602, 604, and 605. While rewinding mechanism 614 is shown as a separate physical unit from recording and playback mechanisms 606, 608 in the embodiment of FIG. 4, rewinding mechanism may be included as part of one or both of recording and playback mechanisms 606, 608.

It is to be appreciated that third magnetic tape 605 may be replaced by a digital buffer 620. The buffer may be a stand alone device, or it may be incorporated into playback mechanism 606. In any event, digital buffer would be preceded by an analog-to-digital converter and succeeded by a digital-to-analog converter. However, one skilled in the art may readily modify the structure of the above apparatus to take into account whether the program is provided in analog or digital form, and also whether the program is to be played on a device for playing back analog (e.g., conventional televisions) signals or one for playing back digital signals (e.g., high definition television (HDTV)).

It is to be further appreciated that since recording is being performed on magnetic tapes, straight cycling between playing back from one tape and recording onto another tape will not provide an uninterrupted view of the program. This is because once a portion of the program has been recorded on a particular tape, that tape must be rewound back to the point where the last recording session began. To compensate for the "rewind time", the third magnetic tape (or buffer) has been added. For example, the third magnetic tape may be used to play back the program when the first tape is recording and the second tape is rewinding.

FIG. 5 is a flow chart of a method for catching-up on viewing a program according to yet another embodiment of the present invention. In particular, the method is applicable to the apparatus of FIG. 4. When the phone rings or a viewer is called away for some other reason while watching a program on a television, the viewer depresses a "catch-up start" button of user interface 612 to provide indicia to controller 610 indicating that the program should be recorded (step 710). At that point, controller 610 controls recording mechanism 608 to record the program on third magnetic tape 605 (step 720).

When the viewer returns and is ready to resume viewing of the program, the viewer depresses a "catch-up playback" button of user interface 612 to provide indicia to

controller 610 indicating that the viewer is ready to view a play back of the program (step 730). Accordingly, controller 610 controls recording mechanism 608 to cease recording on third magnetic tape 605, and to begin recording on second magnetic tape 604 (step 740). Also, controller 610 controls rewinding mechanism 614 to rewind third magnetic tape 605 in the same step.

Meanwhile, the time elapsed since the viewer was away from the television is calculated by controller 610 (step 750). Further, controller 610 calculates an optimum accelerated viewing speed at which the previously recorded video and audio streams (corresponding to the missed parts of the program) are to be played back (step 760).

Upon third magnetic tape 605 being rewound, controller 610 controls recording mechanism 608 to cease recording on second magnetic tape 604, and to begin recording on first magnetic tape 602 (step 770). In the same step, controller 610 controls playback mechanism to begin playing back the portion of the program recorded on third magnetic tape 605 in accordance with the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 610, and controls rewinding mechanism 614 to rewind second magnetic tape 604.

Upon completing the playback of the portion of the program recorded on third magnetic tape 605, controller 610 controls recording mechanism 608 to cease recording on first magnetic tape 602, and to begin recording on third magnetic tape 605 (step 780). In the same step, controller 610 controls playback mechanism to begin playing back the portion of the program recorded on second magnetic tape 604 in accordance with the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 610, controls rewinding mechanism 614 to rewind first magnetic tape 602.

Upon completing the playback of the portion of the program recorded on second magnetic tape 604, controller 610 controls recording mechanism 608 to cease recording on third magnetic tape 605, and to begin recording on second magnetic tape 604 (step 790). In the same step, controller 610 controls playback mechanism to begin playing back the portion of the program recorded on first magnetic tape 602 in accordance with the accelerated viewing speed calculated by controller 610, and controls rewinding mechanism 614 to rewind third magnetic tape 605.

It is then determined whether the viewer has caught up to the real time broadcast of the program (step 800). If not, then a return is made to step 770 (with step 770 now being performed upon the completion of the playback of the portion of the program recorded on first magnetic tape 602). However, if so, then the program is displayed at the

normal speed (step 810). Similar to the method of FIG. 2, commercials may be edited out of the played back video and audio streams.

The invention can be summarized as follows.

5 A method and apparatus are provided for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device. The apparatus according to an embodiment of the invention includes a storing mechanism configured for simultaneously recording and playing back digital video and audio streams. A controller is configured to control the storing mechanism to record and play back the digital video and audio streams. The controller is also configured to determine an accelerated playback speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the
10 program. A playback mechanism operatively coupled between the storing mechanism and the viewing device is configured to control a playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to the viewing device from the storage mechanism in accordance with the accelerated playback speed.

15 Although the illustrative embodiments have been described herein with reference to the accompanying drawings, it is to be understood that the present apparatus and method is not limited to those precise embodiments, and that various other changes and modifications may be affected therein by one skilled in the art without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention. All such changes and modifications are intended to be included within the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

CLAIMS:

1. An apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device, comprising:
 - a storing mechanism (104) configured for simultaneously recording and playing back digital video and audio streams;
 - 5 a controller (110) configured for controlling said storing mechanism to record and play back the digital video and audio streams, and for determining an accelerated playback speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program; and
 - a playback mechanism (106) operatively coupled between said storing mechanism and the viewing device configured for controlling a playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to the viewing device from said storage mechanism in accordance with the accelerated playback speed.
- 10 2. The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a user interface (112) configured for inputting commands to said controller.
- 15 3. The apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the commands comprise a first command indicating a time when the viewer is not viewing the program and a second command indicating a time when the viewer is ready to resume viewing of the program.
- 20 4. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the accelerated playback speed is based on at least the difference between the time corresponding to the first command and the time corresponding to the second command.
5. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said storing mechanism (104) begins recording the program at the time corresponding to the first command.
- 25 6. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said storing mechanism (104) begins playing back a portion of the recorded program while recording a subsequent portion of the program at the time corresponding to the second command.

7. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said storage mechanism (104) is a hard disk drive.

8. The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a speed control device (112) operatively coupled to said controller (110) configured for allowing the viewer to override and adjust the playback speed of the video and audio streams provided to the viewing device from said storage mechanism.

9. The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising an editing device operatively coupled to said storing mechanism and said controller configured for detecting and removing commercials from the digital video and audio streams.

10. A method for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device, comprising the steps of:

recording the program, when a first time instance is identified corresponding to a viewer not viewing the program (210, 220);

calculating an accelerated viewing speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program, said speed being based on at least a difference between the first time instance and a second time instance when the viewer is ready to resume viewing of the program (240, 250); and

playing back a portion of the program at the accelerated viewing speed while recording a subsequent portion of the program, until the viewer is caught-up to the real time viewing of the program (280).

11. An apparatus for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device, comprising:

first (602), second (604), and third (605) magnetic tapes configured for storing video and audio streams thereon;

a playback mechanism (606) configured for playing back the video and audio streams from said first (602), second (604), and third (605) magnetic tapes on the viewing device (650);

a recording mechanism (608) configured for recording the video and audio streams to said first (602), second (604), and third (605) magnetic tapes;

a rewinding mechanism (614) configured for rewinding said first 602, second 604, and third 605 magnetic tapes; and

a controller (610) configured for determining an accelerated playback speed that allows a viewer to catch-up to a real time viewing of the program, and for controlling said recording (608), playback (606), and rewinding (614) mechanisms to cycle between recording, playback, and rewinding modes, respectively, until the viewer is caught up to the real time viewing of the program, wherein said controller (610) controls said playback mechanism (606) to playback the video and audio streams in accordance with the accelerated playback speed.

10 12. A method for catching-up on viewing a program on a viewing device, comprising the steps of:

(a) recording the program on a first magnetic tape, when a first time instance is identified corresponding to a viewer not viewing the program (710, 720);

15 (b) recording the program on a second magnetic tape and rewinding the first magnetic tape, when a second time instance is identified corresponding to the viewer being ready to resume viewing of the program (730, 740a, b);

(c) calculating an accelerated viewing speed at which the recorded program is to be played back so that the viewer can catch-up to a real time viewing of the program, the speed being based on at least a difference between the first and second time instances (750, 760);

20 (d) recording on a third magnetic tape, rewinding the second magnetic tape, and playing back the recorded program from the first magnetic tape (770a, b, c);

(e) recording on the first magnetic tape, rewinding the third magnetic tape, and playing back the recorded program from the second magnetic tape (780a, b, c);

25 (f) recording on the second magnetic tape, rewinding the first magnetic tape, and playing back the recorded program from the third magnetic tape (790a, b, c);

(g) determining whether the viewer is caught up to the real time viewing of the program; and

30 (h) returning to step (d), when the viewer is not caught up to the real time viewing of the program.

1/5

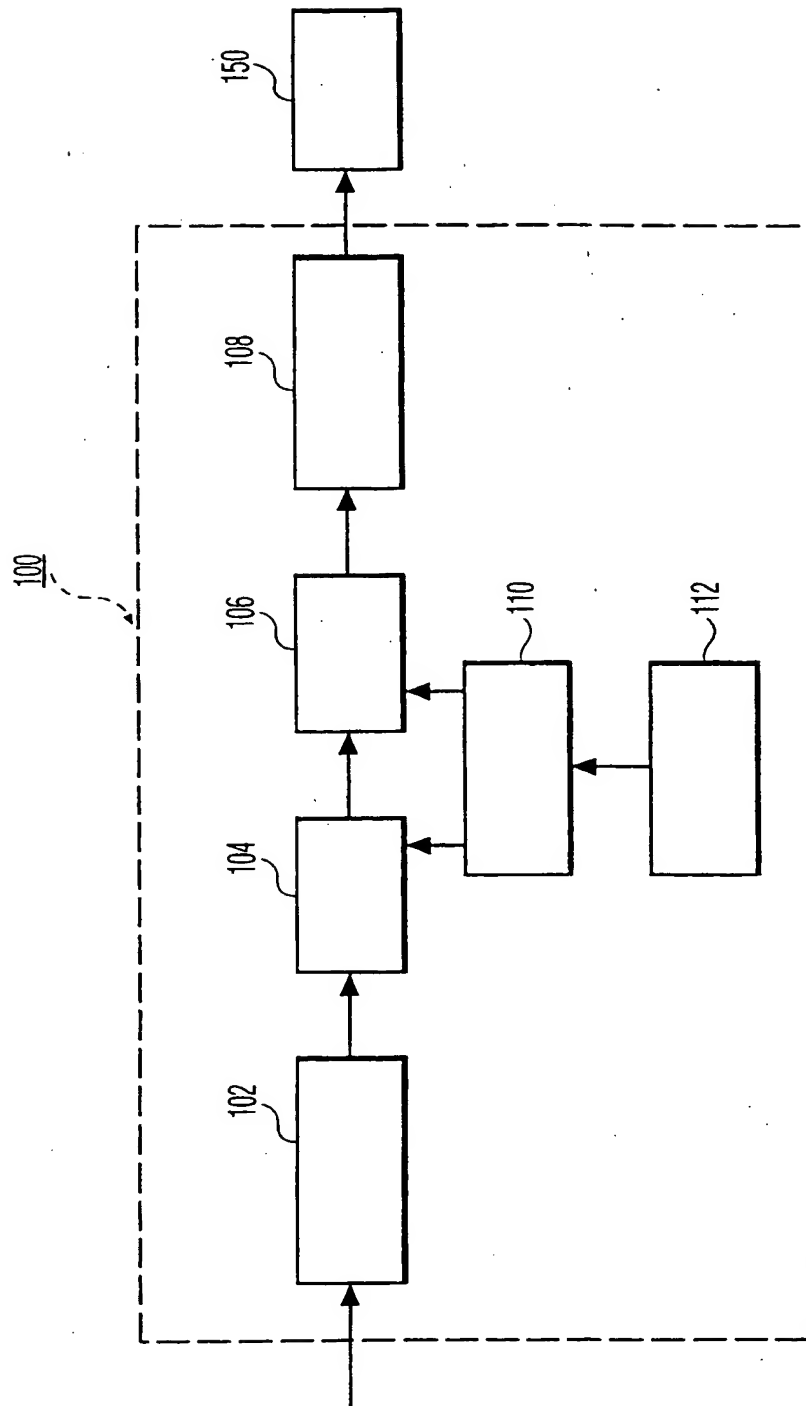


FIG. 1

2/5

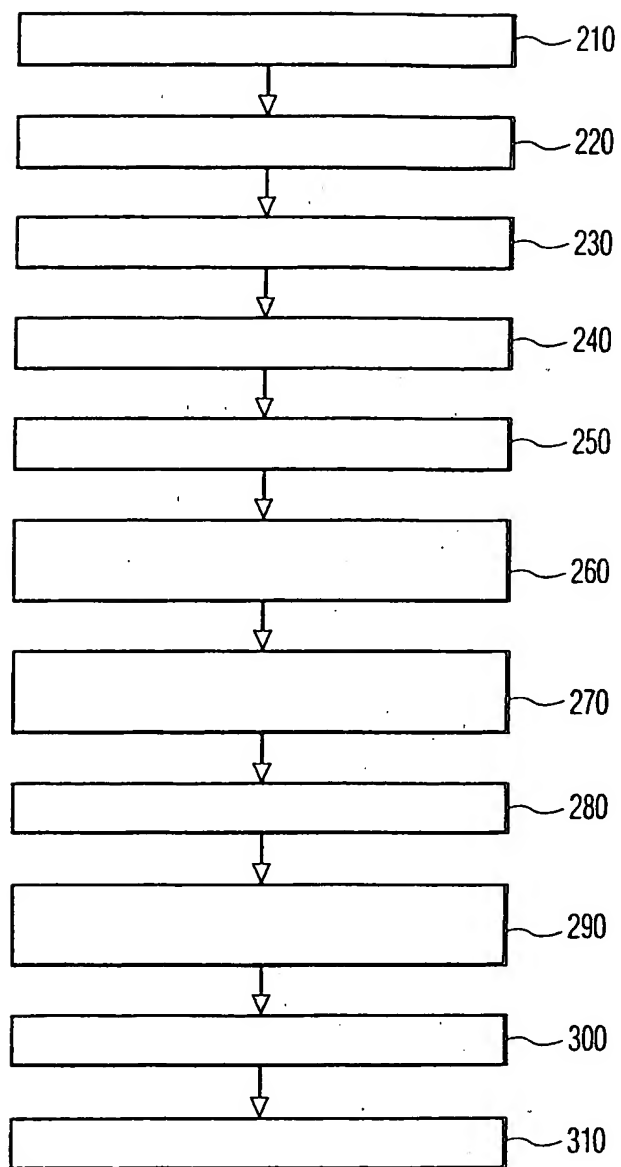


FIG. 2

3/5

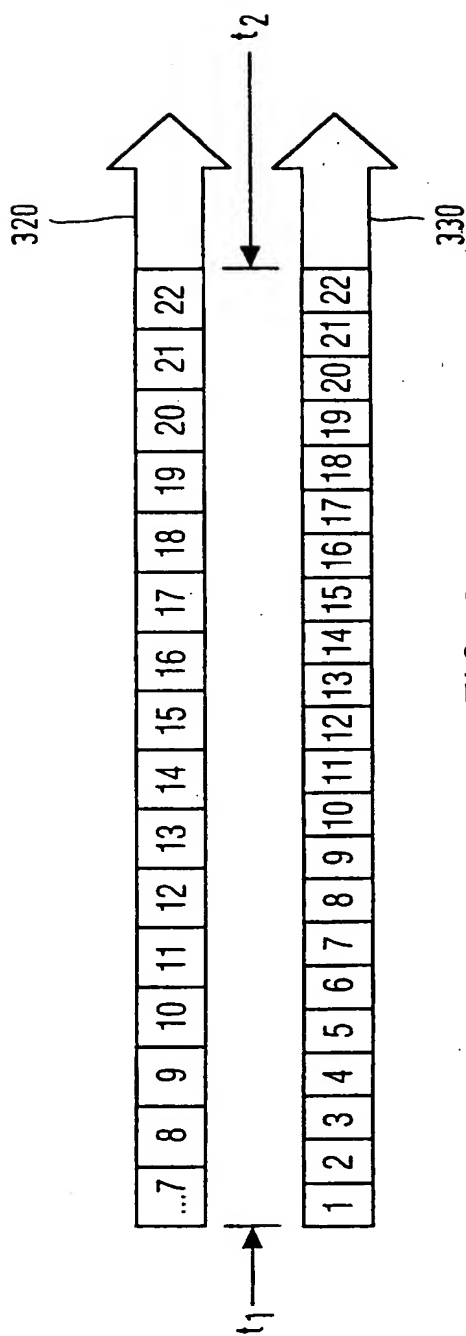


FIG. 3

4/5

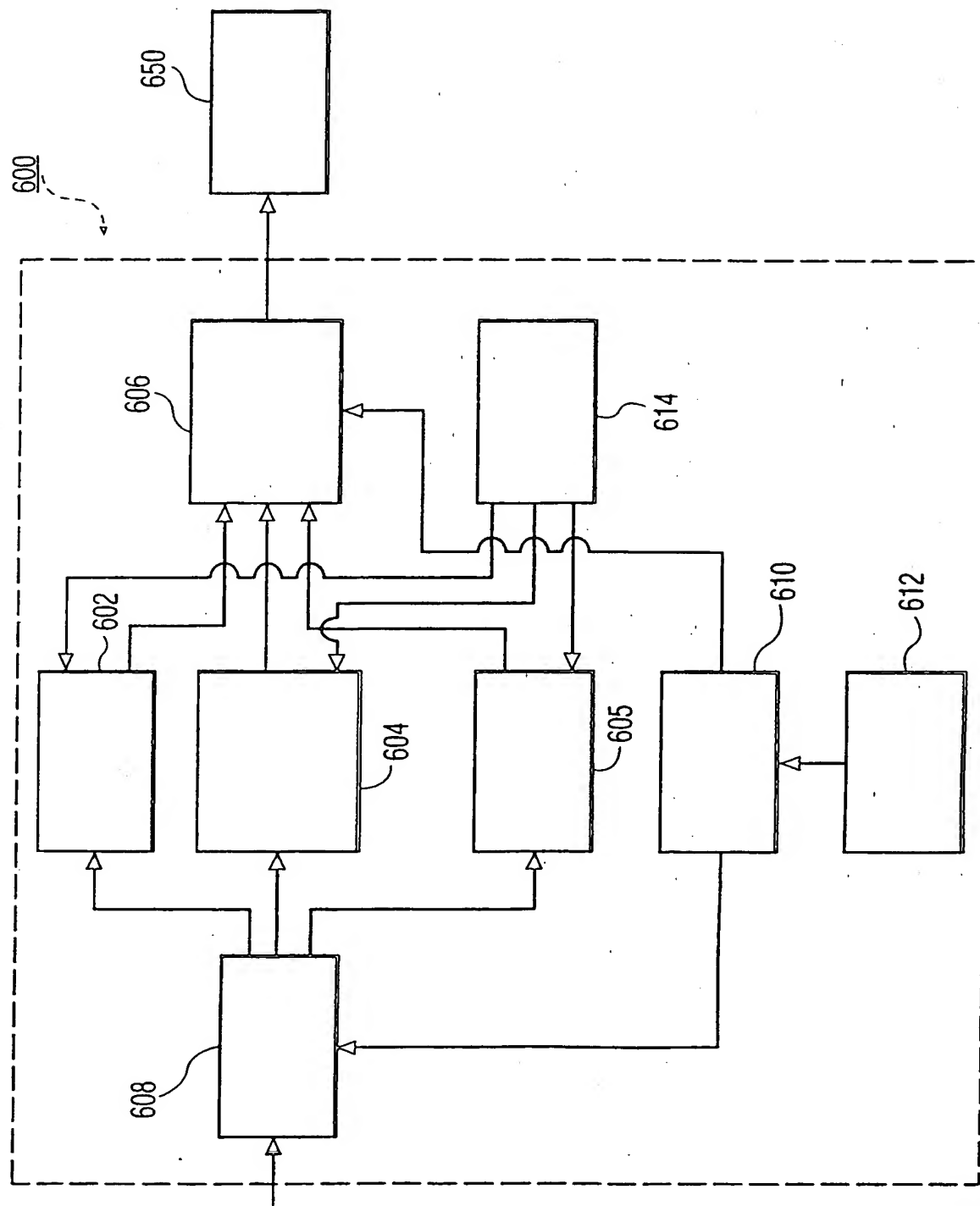


FIG. 4

5/5

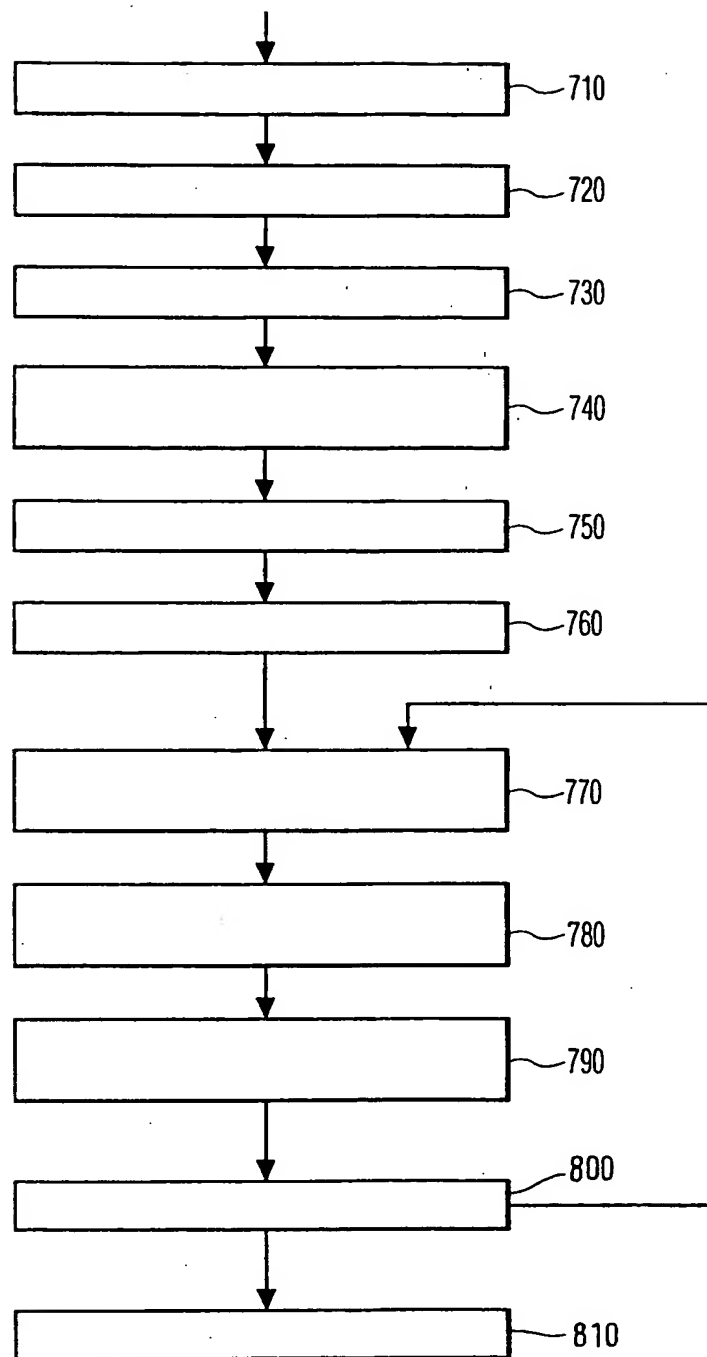


FIG. 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 00/03070

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 H04N5/76

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 98 25404 A (INTERVAL RESEARCH CORPORATION) 11 June 1998 (1998-06-11) the whole document	1-8, 10
Y		9, 11, 12
Y	US 5 241 428 A (GOLDWASSER ET AL.) 31 August 1993 (1993-08-31) abstract column 2, line 51 -column 3, line 5 column 8, line 1 -column 9, line 9; figures 5,6	9, 11, 12

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

28 July 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

04/08/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Verleye, J

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

International Application No.

PCT/EP 00/03070

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9825404 A	11-06-1998	US 5825354 A	20-10-1998
		AU 5515598 A	29-06-1998
		US 6005564 A	21-12-1999
<hr/>			
US 5241428 A	31-08-1993	NONE	
<hr/>			